



1  
00:00:00,790 --> 00:00:07,320

[Music]

2  
00:00:11,419 --> 00:00:09,610

[Applause]

3  
00:00:12,680 --> 00:00:11,429

thank you for the opportunity of

4  
00:00:15,680 --> 00:00:12,690

speaking today and thank you all for

5  
00:00:18,350 --> 00:00:15,690

being here so I'm going to go back in

6  
00:00:20,359 --> 00:00:18,360

time hmm and focus this time on Mike

7  
00:00:22,189 --> 00:00:20,369

microbial communities in iron rich

8  
00:00:25,609 --> 00:00:22,199

oceans at the onset of the great

9  
00:00:27,890 --> 00:00:25,619

oxidation event so the early Earth has

10  
00:00:31,130 --> 00:00:27,900

been habitable ever since essentially

11  
00:00:34,939 --> 00:00:31,140

the beginnings of its origins this is

12  
00:00:38,180 --> 00:00:34,949

just a simplified diagram of some

13  
00:00:40,700 --> 00:00:38,190

periods in time just to show that even

14

00:00:42,799 --> 00:00:40,710

though the earth has been inhabited ever

15

00:00:44,810 --> 00:00:42,809

since we've known of the existence of

16

00:00:46,790 --> 00:00:44,820

life four billion years ago different

17

00:00:48,860 --> 00:00:46,800

environments existed in which different

18

00:00:51,349 --> 00:00:48,870

the habitability was probably not the

19

00:00:56,209 --> 00:00:51,359

same for different species of

20

00:00:59,540 --> 00:00:56,219

microorganisms for example the origins

21

00:01:02,150 --> 00:00:59,550

of life Earth was an anoxic world with

22

00:01:03,560 --> 00:01:02,160

an anoxic atmosphere and iron rich

23

00:01:07,219 --> 00:01:03,570

oceans in which the majority of the

24

00:01:09,320 --> 00:01:07,229

metabolisms were anaerobic around the

25

00:01:12,949 --> 00:01:09,330

genomic record and fossil record tells

26

00:01:15,760 --> 00:01:12,959

us that cyanobacteria were able to begin

27

00:01:20,800 --> 00:01:15,770

to produce oxygen from water and around

28

00:01:23,089 --> 00:01:20,810

3 billion years ago if not earlier and

29

00:01:25,279 --> 00:01:23,099

even though they were able to produce

30

00:01:27,229 --> 00:01:25,289

oxygen for a long time for half a

31

00:01:28,490 --> 00:01:27,239

billion years two billion years oxygen

32

00:01:32,839 --> 00:01:28,500

was being produced but it did not

33

00:01:34,820 --> 00:01:32,849

accumulate in the atmosphere but at some

34

00:01:37,639 --> 00:01:34,830

point around 2.4 billion years ago

35

00:01:41,990 --> 00:01:37,649

oxygen production began to ramp up and

36

00:01:43,820 --> 00:01:42,000

very rapidly oxidized the globe perhaps

37

00:01:45,949 --> 00:01:43,830

not the modern countries of oxygen but

38

00:01:48,260 --> 00:01:45,959

enough to change the metabolic rules of

39

00:01:50,600 --> 00:01:48,270

the planet from an Arabic driven to a

40

00:01:54,440 --> 00:01:50,610

mostly anaerobic driven to mostly

41

00:01:57,320 --> 00:01:54,450

aerobic driven and now than in modern

42

00:02:01,850 --> 00:01:57,330

earth we met the majority of the biomass

43

00:02:04,880 --> 00:02:01,860

on earth is as an aerobic metabolism and

44

00:02:06,770 --> 00:02:04,890

at the same time well oxygen was

45

00:02:10,430 --> 00:02:06,780

produced and I'm sure you've recognized

46

00:02:12,949 --> 00:02:10,440

this not from previous talks iron

47

00:02:14,600 --> 00:02:12,959

concentrations decrease dramatically so

48

00:02:17,179 --> 00:02:14,610

what I'm interested is in understanding

49

00:02:19,520 --> 00:02:17,189

what was the microbial factors and the

50

00:02:22,240 --> 00:02:19,530

forces that shaped this period of time

51  
00:02:24,640 --> 00:02:22,250  
of cryptic oxygen cycling

52  
00:02:28,060 --> 00:02:24,650  
and what made it this ramped up the soul

53  
00:02:33,670 --> 00:02:28,070  
so rapidly so in order to dig a little

54  
00:02:35,860 --> 00:02:33,680  
bit deeper into these one of the focuses

55  
00:02:40,000 --> 00:02:35,870  
that one of the mythologies that I'm

56  
00:02:42,400 --> 00:02:40,010  
interested is the the reactivity of

57  
00:02:43,870 --> 00:02:42,410  
oxygen in a four genus ocean so to come

58  
00:02:45,490 --> 00:02:43,880  
up with optogenetic photosynthesis or to

59  
00:02:48,160 --> 00:02:45,500  
produce oxygen in a virginal environment

60  
00:02:53,050 --> 00:02:48,170  
is not really a good idea because oxygen

61  
00:02:56,320 --> 00:02:53,060  
not only will react with cellular

62  
00:02:58,660 --> 00:02:56,330  
components DNA proteins and lipids and

63  
00:03:00,750 --> 00:02:58,670

as being especially detrimental in an

64

00:03:03,250 --> 00:03:00,760

anaerobic world where metabolisms are

65

00:03:05,380 --> 00:03:03,260

have enzymes that are oxygen sensitive

66

00:03:07,180 --> 00:03:05,390

but under high iron conditions you have

67

00:03:10,590 --> 00:03:07,190

that Fenton type of chemistry which

68

00:03:14,770 --> 00:03:10,600

accelerates iron toxicity on top of that

69

00:03:18,160 --> 00:03:14,780

iron gets oxidized by oxygen producing

70

00:03:20,550 --> 00:03:18,170

solid iron 3 which can also in

71

00:03:24,220 --> 00:03:20,560

crustacean and can be another reason for

72

00:03:27,310 --> 00:03:24,230

toxicity but there's a problem with this

73

00:03:28,720 --> 00:03:27,320

scenario so in this scenario it is

74

00:03:30,640 --> 00:03:28,730

proposed that cyanobacteria would have

75

00:03:32,979 --> 00:03:30,650

had a hard time to overcome iron

76  
00:03:36,940 --> 00:03:32,989  
toxicity and this could have delayed the

77  
00:03:39,190 --> 00:03:36,950  
oxygenation of earth and there's a very

78  
00:03:41,080 --> 00:03:39,200  
important piece missing though and which

79  
00:03:43,540 --> 00:03:41,090  
is what I want to focus on which is

80  
00:03:46,330 --> 00:03:43,550  
other other species other microbes so

81  
00:03:48,190 --> 00:03:46,340  
around 2.4 billion years ago which I am

82  
00:03:49,930 --> 00:03:48,200  
circled here in yellow there were

83  
00:03:51,190 --> 00:03:49,940  
already many ancestral lineage is

84  
00:03:53,590 --> 00:03:51,200  
present and diverged

85  
00:03:55,539 --> 00:03:53,600  
for example the ancestors of Delta

86  
00:03:58,420 --> 00:03:55,549  
fertile bacteria the under gammas and

87  
00:04:01,690 --> 00:03:58,430  
betas and Terra bacterial ancestors were

88  
00:04:05,229 --> 00:04:01,700

already likely coexisting at that time

89  
00:04:08,550 --> 00:04:05,239  
and that means increased number of genes

90  
00:04:10,920 --> 00:04:08,560  
and functionalities and potentially

91  
00:04:13,500 --> 00:04:10,930  
mechanisms to cooperate together

92  
00:04:15,070 --> 00:04:13,510  
particularly important could have been

93  
00:04:16,599 --> 00:04:15,080  
proteobacteria many of the

94  
00:04:18,699 --> 00:04:16,609  
Proteobacteria that we know today are

95  
00:04:20,710 --> 00:04:18,709  
experts in cycling metals both iron

96  
00:04:24,180 --> 00:04:20,720  
oxidation and iron reduction so if you

97  
00:04:27,250 --> 00:04:24,190  
include a metal reducer in this scenario

98  
00:04:29,560 --> 00:04:27,260  
you can have many protective effects by

99  
00:04:33,250 --> 00:04:29,570  
the reduction of oxygen or the reduction

100  
00:04:35,350 --> 00:04:33,260  
of iron 3 preventing incrustation so in

101

00:04:38,159 --> 00:04:35,360

order to understand this

102

00:04:41,770 --> 00:04:38,169

potential scenario a little bit better

103

00:04:44,589 --> 00:04:41,780

one can study potential early earth

104

00:04:47,740 --> 00:04:44,599

analogs on earth the problem with that

105

00:04:49,420 --> 00:04:47,750

is that they could be very complex you

106

00:04:53,260 --> 00:04:49,430

even though they're more realistic and

107

00:04:56,439 --> 00:04:53,270

also what I wanted to do is come up with

108

00:04:58,510 --> 00:04:56,449

an experimental setting to simplify the

109

00:05:00,969 --> 00:04:58,520

conditions and also simplify the number

110

00:05:02,559 --> 00:05:00,979

of individuals to control the parameters

111

00:05:03,640 --> 00:05:02,569

better and understand the mechanisms

112

00:05:07,330 --> 00:05:03,650

that could have been involved in these

113

00:05:09,129 --> 00:05:07,340

interactions another problem with this

114

00:05:10,600 --> 00:05:09,139

setting the previous scenarios that

115

00:05:13,089 --> 00:05:10,610

there are no modern analogs it's really

116

00:05:15,399 --> 00:05:13,099

hard to find a serve an illuminated

117

00:05:21,969 --> 00:05:15,409

surface in on earth that has an anoxic

118

00:05:24,040 --> 00:05:21,979

atmosphere so what I did is I built a

119

00:05:28,119 --> 00:05:24,050

semi high throughput pre goe consortium

120

00:05:30,640 --> 00:05:28,129

to explore cooperation on earth by in an

121

00:05:33,399 --> 00:05:30,650

anaerobic chamber so I used to model

122

00:05:39,159 --> 00:05:33,409

organisms cyanobacteria see no Coco's

123

00:05:41,430 --> 00:05:39,169

BCC 7002 and strains of Salmonella the

124

00:05:46,779 --> 00:05:41,440

Shannara genus which are metal producers

125

00:05:49,930 --> 00:05:46,789

used use them either alone or together

126  
00:05:51,550 --> 00:05:49,940  
in pairs in an anoxic atmosphere and

127  
00:05:53,409 --> 00:05:51,560  
oxygen was allowed to be produced from

128  
00:05:55,390 --> 00:05:53,419  
photosynthesis but it was allowed to

129  
00:05:57,610 --> 00:05:55,400  
diffuse into the anaerobic chamber so

130  
00:06:02,110 --> 00:05:57,620  
this is conducted these experiments into

131  
00:06:05,260 --> 00:06:02,120  
in in 10 milliliter volumes inside 20

132  
00:06:07,480 --> 00:06:05,270  
milliliter wells culture plates so

133  
00:06:10,119 --> 00:06:07,490  
oxygen would diffuse into a 300 liter

134  
00:06:12,279 --> 00:06:10,129  
chamber mimicking the anoxic

135  
00:06:15,999 --> 00:06:12,289  
environments and the treatments were

136  
00:06:18,430 --> 00:06:16,009  
different concentrations of iron - so as

137  
00:06:22,300 --> 00:06:18,440  
expected like previous work had shown

138  
00:06:24,089 --> 00:06:22,310

cyanobacteria as iron concentration

139

00:06:27,820 --> 00:06:24,099

increased to 1 millimolar

140

00:06:29,769 --> 00:06:27,830

lost their ability to grow and it has

141

00:06:32,649 --> 00:06:29,779

previously been shown that it's due to

142

00:06:36,939 --> 00:06:32,659

iron toxicity already at 500 a they were

143

00:06:39,010 --> 00:06:36,949

showing a lag in their growth and here

144

00:06:40,269 --> 00:06:39,020

I'm showing growth of cyanobacteria in

145

00:06:43,029 --> 00:06:40,279

the presence of different strains of

146

00:06:45,519 --> 00:06:43,039

Salmonella species and as you can see

147

00:06:46,959 --> 00:06:45,529

the reverse happens as iron increases in

148

00:06:48,490 --> 00:06:46,969

the presence of Salmonella most

149

00:06:50,860 --> 00:06:48,500

cyanobacteria

150

00:06:52,180 --> 00:06:50,870

speech I mean this one species but in

151  
00:06:55,990 --> 00:06:52,190  
all these different experiments I know

152  
00:06:59,620 --> 00:06:56,000  
Vettori is able to grow and the growth

153  
00:07:02,320 --> 00:06:59,630  
is restored annoying Salmonella and in

154  
00:07:05,470 --> 00:07:02,330  
the same culture under higher iron

155  
00:07:07,000 --> 00:07:05,480  
concentrations the growth is favored too

156  
00:07:09,460 --> 00:07:07,010  
so there's a relationship between the

157  
00:07:10,660 --> 00:07:09,470  
high amount of iron and the yields and

158  
00:07:11,980 --> 00:07:10,670  
growth rates of Shanina and

159  
00:07:14,410 --> 00:07:11,990  
cyanobacteria when they're growing

160  
00:07:15,940 --> 00:07:14,420  
together so when I went and measured

161  
00:07:18,430 --> 00:07:15,950  
iron concentrations iron ii

162  
00:07:22,930 --> 00:07:18,440  
concentrations with the cyanobacteria

163  
00:07:26,530 --> 00:07:22,940

alone in both higher and 501 millimolar

164

00:07:28,660 --> 00:07:26,540

iron ii concentrations in the iron

165

00:07:30,670 --> 00:07:28,670

levels immediately decreased in the

166

00:07:33,400 --> 00:07:30,680

first few days but which human ella the

167

00:07:36,310 --> 00:07:33,410

iron levels remained essentially stable

168

00:07:39,940 --> 00:07:36,320

which means that there was not enough

169

00:07:40,600 --> 00:07:39,950

oxygen to oxidize iron probably consumed

170

00:07:42,700 --> 00:07:40,610

by shewanella

171

00:07:45,090 --> 00:07:42,710

or iron could have been reduced but in

172

00:07:47,950 --> 00:07:45,100

any case the mechanisms of protection

173

00:07:50,290 --> 00:07:47,960

were related to the availability of

174

00:07:52,510 --> 00:07:50,300

oxygen and iron so among all the

175

00:07:55,270 --> 00:07:52,520

different strains tested shewanella

176  
00:07:58,990 --> 00:07:55,280  
baltica and shewanella alga were the two

177  
00:08:02,620 --> 00:07:59,000  
that yielded the yield similar under

178  
00:08:06,810 --> 00:08:02,630  
high iron or low iron conditions so to

179  
00:08:09,909 --> 00:08:06,820  
understand potential reason for this I

180  
00:08:12,610 --> 00:08:09,919  
incubated each shinola independently on

181  
00:08:14,140 --> 00:08:12,620  
its own under different concentrations

182  
00:08:15,880 --> 00:08:14,150  
of hydrogen peroxide meaning different

183  
00:08:19,060 --> 00:08:15,890  
concentrations of hydro peroxide stress

184  
00:08:22,770 --> 00:08:19,070  
and so the better helps the ones that

185  
00:08:26,080 --> 00:08:22,780  
were able to get cynical Coco's to grow

186  
00:08:28,150 --> 00:08:26,090  
almost like no iron in Noren conditions

187  
00:08:32,350 --> 00:08:28,160  
they were able to resist hydrogen

188  
00:08:37,180 --> 00:08:32,360

peroxide better so ro s stress better

189

00:08:39,279 --> 00:08:37,190

than the poor poorer helper so bringing

190

00:08:41,770 --> 00:08:39,289

everything all these different lines of

191

00:08:43,810 --> 00:08:41,780

evidence together you can I conclude

192

00:08:45,520 --> 00:08:43,820

that iron concentration will impact the

193

00:08:48,790 --> 00:08:45,530

interactions between the Proteobacteria

194

00:08:50,110 --> 00:08:48,800

and cyanobacteria and this could have

195

00:08:51,960 --> 00:08:50,120

driven the community structure in

196

00:08:54,220 --> 00:08:51,970

ferruginous and early oceans

197

00:08:56,079 --> 00:08:54,230

cyanobacteria Fitness also increased

198

00:08:57,640 --> 00:08:56,089

when there was a metal reducing partner

199

00:09:00,809 --> 00:08:57,650

so it suggests that the habit of

200

00:09:01,769 --> 00:09:00,819

habitability arranged in a community

201  
00:09:03,989 --> 00:09:01,779  
change depending on the community

202  
00:09:06,029 --> 00:09:03,999  
composition in a given environment so

203  
00:09:08,819 --> 00:09:06,039  
this would be important too for future

204  
00:09:12,090 --> 00:09:08,829  
habitability tests whether there's one

205  
00:09:14,429 --> 00:09:12,100  
species or more will likely change the

206  
00:09:16,859 --> 00:09:14,439  
the results also cyanobacteria

207  
00:09:18,449 --> 00:09:16,869  
benefitted by coin inhabiting with

208  
00:09:22,229 --> 00:09:18,459  
shewanella only at higher iron

209  
00:09:23,849 --> 00:09:22,239  
concentration so and again suggesting

210  
00:09:25,710 --> 00:09:23,859  
that partnerships that may have been

211  
00:09:27,809 --> 00:09:25,720  
important during the Proterozoic or late

212  
00:09:29,669 --> 00:09:27,819  
Archaean may be very different than

213  
00:09:32,519 --> 00:09:29,679

those found in modern environments so

214

00:09:36,319 --> 00:09:32,529

again analog choice versus experimental

215

00:09:39,629 --> 00:09:36,329

setup can yield different results and

216

00:09:41,400 --> 00:09:39,639

important to consider and also a cryptic

217

00:09:43,529 --> 00:09:41,410

oxygen cycle would have been sustained

218

00:09:45,479 --> 00:09:43,539

under high iron oceans by cyanobacteria

219

00:09:47,549 --> 00:09:45,489

and protocol partners which would

220

00:09:49,979 --> 00:09:47,559

explain why this would be another

221

00:09:53,189 --> 00:09:49,989

biological factor instead of abiotic

222

00:09:56,309 --> 00:09:53,199

reasons why oxygen would have persisted

223

00:09:59,929 --> 00:09:56,319

at low concentrations red cryptic levels

224

00:10:04,469 --> 00:09:59,939

without accumulating at the atmosphere

225

00:10:06,509 --> 00:10:04,479

so the end of the results and I would

226

00:10:10,009 --> 00:10:06,519

like to thank Jen lassen Chris Reinhard

227

00:10:12,829 --> 00:10:10,019

for their support during these MPP

228

00:10:14,669 --> 00:10:12,839

postdoc experience things to NASA for

229

00:10:17,129 --> 00:10:14,679

allowing me to carry out this research

230

00:10:19,109 --> 00:10:17,139

on the amazing people at the glass lab

231

00:10:37,199 --> 00:10:19,119

on the astrobiology community at Georgia

232

00:10:39,809 --> 00:10:37,209

Tech have you looked at the formation of

233

00:10:42,809 --> 00:10:39,819

colloids for example maybe iron 3 could

234

00:10:44,969 --> 00:10:42,819

form a chloride and maybe other elements

235

00:10:46,590 --> 00:10:44,979

a nitrogen cycle cycling you know

236

00:10:49,289 --> 00:10:46,600

different oxidation states of another

237

00:10:57,749 --> 00:10:49,299

element that might go through iron to

238

00:10:59,989 --> 00:10:57,759

iron 3 so I I put ammonium as a nitrogen

239

00:11:04,319 --> 00:10:59,999

source of nitrate which is a typical

240

00:11:05,549 --> 00:11:04,329

component of cyanobacteria media but I

241

00:11:07,769 --> 00:11:05,559

didn't look at that but that may be

242

00:11:10,109 --> 00:11:07,779

interesting to see whether reactive

243

00:11:13,700 --> 00:11:10,119

species could also be produced by that

244

00:11:29,520 --> 00:11:24,510

please come to my i dial psycho so I did

245

00:11:31,500 --> 00:11:29,530

not take points that would be I was

246

00:11:34,050 --> 00:11:31,510

thinking about doing that on a future

247

00:11:36,900 --> 00:11:34,060

experiment I was I'm going to select one

248

00:11:40,200 --> 00:11:36,910

of these shewanella species and then get

249

00:11:41,400 --> 00:11:40,210

more resolution and more resolved type

250

00:11:43,470 --> 00:11:41,410

of growth curve to see if there are

251  
00:11:48,150 --> 00:11:43,480  
changes between the iron and the oxygen

252  
00:11:49,980 --> 00:11:48,160  
levels over day and night cycles this

253  
00:11:51,810 --> 00:11:49,990  
was more like a high-throughput to see

254  
00:11:54,060 --> 00:11:51,820  
the range because even though they're

255  
00:11:58,590 --> 00:11:54,070  
also on another all metal reducers they

256  
00:12:00,480 --> 00:11:58,600  
do not have the same effect on the sign

257  
00:12:02,010 --> 00:12:00,490  
of a true growth which is also means

258  
00:12:04,890 --> 00:12:02,020  
that there's it's not a biomass issue

259  
00:12:14,040 --> 00:12:04,900  
there's other biological components in